



## **Children & Young People's Services**

# **Home to Primary, Secondary and Special School and College Travel and Transport Policy**

Effective from 1 September 2022

To be reviewed 1 September 2026

This policy could be subject to change, including as new legislation is introduced.

The most up-to-date version of this policy can always be found on our website:

[www.durham.gov.uk/schooltransport](http://www.durham.gov.uk/schooltransport)

### **1. Introduction**

This document sets out Durham County Council's Home to School/College Travel and Transport Policy and describes how the Council fulfils its duties and exercises its discretionary powers as required by the Education Act 1996 and subsequent legislation and guidance.

In order to comply with statutory home to school transport duties Durham County Council must:

- Promote the use of sustainable travel and transport.
- Make transport arrangements for all eligible children.

The policy

- explains the criteria for eligibility for travel assistance for pupils to their school or college for children of statutory school age (5-16 years old) and for young people aged 16 to 19 and 19 to 25.
- describes how parents and carers can apply for travel assistance and how decisions are made.
- sets out how parents and carers may appeal against decisions that they believe do not comply with this policy.

If you wish to comment on the policy please write to the Corporate Director, Children and Young People's Services, School Places and Admissions Team (Transport Entitlement) Green Lane, Spennymoor DL16 6JQ or email [schooltransportteam@durham.gov.uk](mailto:schooltransportteam@durham.gov.uk).

### **2. Policy Statement**

Durham County Council is committed to ensuring that all pupils have the best start in life, are safe and healthy and have access to high quality education so that they are able to achieve their full potential. The Children and Families Act 2014 commits partners to work together to develop services which strengthen the abilities and resilience of children and their families to be independent.

The Council is also committed to meeting the educational needs of as many children and young people as possible within local schools. In many cases, this will mean that pupils can walk or cycle to school with their parents or carers. This policy sets out how we will help the small number of pupils who require travel assistance.

As a Council we will deliver our statutory responsibilities for home to school transport to meet the travel needs of children and young people, enabling them to access their place of education. The Council acknowledges that without this service some of the County's children and young people would be unable to access their school or place of education.

### **3. Definition of eligibility**

#### **Statutory Entitlement**

The 1996 Education Act defines "eligible children" as children of statutory school age (5-16) who live in the local authority area and meet one or more of the criteria set out below.

A child is of statutory school age from the start of term after their fifth birthday up until the last day of the academic year in which they are in Year 11. This applies to both children with and without an Education Health and Care Plan (EHCP).

Local Authorities are required to provide free transport for all pupils of compulsory school age (5-16) if their nearest suitable school is:

- beyond 2 miles (if below the age of 8); or
- beyond 3 miles (if aged between 8 and 16)

The Council will also make transport arrangements for all children who cannot reasonably be expected to walk to school because of their mobility problems or because of associated health and safety issues related to their special educational needs (SEN) or disability. In these circumstances, children will be assessed on an individual basis to identify their particular transport requirements.

The Council will make transport arrangements for all children who cannot reasonably be expected to walk to their nearest suitable school because the nature of the route is deemed unsafe to walk

The Council will provide free transport where pupils are entitled to free school meals or their parents are in receipt of maximum Working Tax Credit (Known as 'Extended Rights'), if:

- the nearest suitable school is beyond 2 miles from the home address (for children over the age of 8 and under 11)
- one of the three nearest suitable schools between 2 and 6 miles of the home address (for children aged 11-16)
- the school is between 2 and 15 miles and is the nearest school preferred on the grounds of religion or belief (aged 11-16).

To apply these eligibility criteria, the child's place of residence will be deemed to be the residence at which the child resides the majority of the time (51% or more) during the normal school week at the time of application for a school place.

In accordance with the Council's statutory duty, children under the age of 5 and not attending primary school will not be entitled to travel assistance between their home and school.

### **Discretionary Arrangements**

Section 508C of the Education Act provides local authorities with discretionary powers to go beyond their statutory duties and provide transport for children who are not entitled to free transport. It is the decision of the Local Authority as to whether and how to apply this discretion after determining local needs and circumstances. The Council will need to balance the demands for a broad range of discretionary travel against their budget priorities.

Where circumstances exist and the Council determines that travel assistance is necessary, it may apply its discretionary powers. All applications for free home to school transport for children who do not meet statutory criteria must be supported by documented evidence. Any support offered by the council will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Where it is decided that a child does not qualify for assistance with travel based on the presented needs/circumstances then it remains the parent/ carer's responsibility to ensure their school attendance.

For pupils in year 12 and above (post-16 year olds), there is no statutory requirement for the Council to provide free transport to their school or college. For more information on post 16 transport please refer to Sections 6 and 7 of this policy.

### **3.1 Statutory walking distances**

Statutory walking distances are measured by the shortest walking distance between the home and the school, identified using a Geographic Information System (GIS).

The GIS used by Durham County Council is:

- Ordnance Survey MasterMap® Highways Network – Roads, and
- Ordnance Survey MasterMap® Highways Network – Paths

Durham County Council will not include any other routes or any other method of measurement.

Children who live between 2 and 3 miles from their school, we have agreed that the three mile limit will not apply on the child's eighth birthday but will be used from the start of the academic year after the child reaches the age of eight years (usually from the commencement of Year 4).

Where a school operates on multiple or split sites, the assessment of nearest qualifying school will take account of the site where the child is registered.

The 2 mile limit for extended rights will be measured in the same way as the statutory walking distances. However, the 6 mile upper limit to a choice of schools, and the 15 mile upper limit to a school preferred on grounds of religion or belief will be measured along road routes.

### **3.2 Unsafe walking routes**

Where a child is not deemed eligible for transport to their nearest qualifying school because it is under the relevant distance threshold and the parent/carer believes the child is unable to walk the assessed route safely (accompanied by an adult as necessary) due to the nature of the route, they should write to Durham County Council's Home to School Transport team outlining the aspect of the route they believe to be unsafe. Walking routes will then be inspected by the Council.

Contact: Corporate Director, Children and Young People's Services, School Places and Admissions Team (Transport Entitlement) Green Lane, Spennymoor DL16 6JQ or email [schooltransportteam@durham.gov.uk](mailto:schooltransportteam@durham.gov.uk).

Where a route previously classified as unsafe is then made safe (for example through the provision of a new footpath) then pupils who met the eligibility criteria when the route was categorised as unsafe will have transport provided until the end of the academic year in which the route is re-assessed as safe or given one full term's notice, whichever is longer, before transport is withdrawn.

### **3.3 Extended rights**

Statutory entitlement is extended to children from low-income groups. Children from low-income groups are defined as those who are entitled to free school meals, or those families who are in receipt of the maximum level of Working Tax Credit (WTC). The following eligibility will apply:

- Children above the age of 8, but under the age of 11, from low-income families will be entitled to travel assistance to their nearest suitable school if the shortest walking distance between their home and the school is more than two miles.
- Children aged 11 and over (school years 7 – 11) from low-income families will be entitled to travel assistance if they attend one of their three nearest suitable schools where they live between two miles and 6 miles (measured by the shortest road route) from their school.
- When a child cannot be offered a place at the nearest school to the home address, the Council will, subject to the criteria set within this policy and the qualifying distance being met, provide transport to the next nearest school with space to admit. For transport to be provided in this particular instance the parent must provide evidence that they have applied for and been refused a place at the school which is the nearest school for their home address and any other schools closer than the school offering admission.

- Children aged 11 and over (school years 7 - 11) from low-income families who are attending their nearest designated faith school preferred on the grounds of religion or belief will also be entitled to travel assistance if their school is more than two miles but not more than 15 miles (measured by the shortest road route) from their home.
- When considering whether a faith school is preferred on the grounds of religion or belief, Durham County Council will take into account the nature of other schools that may have been named as higher preferences on the application form. For an application for travel assistance to be agreed under this section, the expectation will be that the school that is preferred on the grounds of religion or belief will be named above any non-faith schools that have been named on the admissions application form.
- Parents must provide supporting evidence regarding their genuine adherence to their religion or belief, and this will normally be confirmed by asking their minister of religion to sign the application form and by the parents providing the relevant baptism certificate for the child.

### **3.4 Special educational needs, disability, and mobility problems for children of statutory school age**

In addition to the eligibility criteria set out in sections 3.1 – 3.3 an entitlement to free home to school transport exists for children of statutory school age with Special Education Needs (SEN), a disability or mobility problem where the following criteria are met:

- A child with an EHCP attends the nearest suitable school\* and qualifies for free home to school transport under the statutory distances referred to earlier in Section 3.1 of this policy.
- where the child's SEN or mobility difficulties mean that the child cannot reasonably be expected to walk to school even if accompanied by a responsible adult, then free transport can be provided even if the distance criteria are not met.

\* The nearest suitable school is taken to mean the nearest qualifying school with places available that provides education appropriate to the age, ability and aptitude of the child, and any SEN that the child may have.

Where a parent/carer of a child with an EHCP expresses a preference for a school further away than the nearest suitable school, the Council can name that school in the EHCP but will state that it is not the nearest suitable school. In this situation, responsibility for getting a child to and from the school will be with the parent/carer. The EHCP will confirm that the parents acknowledge that it is their duty to transport their child and not the duty of the Local Authority.

When assessing entitlement for travel assistance for a child with SEND, a disability or mobility problems, the Council will consider the individual needs of each child. This may include taking professional advice from educational psychologists, medical

officers and teachers and consulting with parents and carers before arriving at a final decision. Assessment may take into account the need for transport assistance due to some family circumstances.

The following factors will be taken into consideration by the Council when assessing transport entitlement:

- the age of the child
- the distance of the child from school to home
- whether the child is physically able to walk the journey to school
- whether the walking route is appropriate for the pupil and their specific needs and allows them to arrive in a fit state to be educated
- whether a child's emotional and behavioural difficulties will create a clear health and safety hazard to themselves or others on the journey to school
- the special educational needs of the child
- the efficient utilisation of resources
- any other individual circumstance

This is not an exhaustive list. It is not presented in any particular order and is for guidance only. Meeting one or more of the criteria does not automatically entitle a child with SEND to free transport assistance.

Where a child held an EHCP up to the age of 16 and progresses on to attend a Further Education College or sixth form, they will, upon application, be assessed against the post-16 policy. Please refer to section 6.

#### **4. Application process**

The Council has a statutory duty to provide free home to school transport to "eligible children". All applications for free transport will be assessed by the Council and an assumption about the award of free transport should not be made until notification has been received in writing.

When a secondary school place is offered in the normal admission round, and the council believes the child is eligible for free home to school transport, the parent/carer will be contacted in writing within 5 days of the offer of a place being made.

In all other instances, once a parent/carer has received an offer of a school place and believes their child is eligible for assistance with travel to school under this policy they can apply by submitting an online transport application form (S20) on the home to school transport section on Durham County Council's website (see below).

[Apply online for free home to school travel](#)

Parents and carers should be aware that it can take some time to arrange transport and they are advised to apply as soon as they believe that they require transport for their child.

If a child changes school or moves home address, either for the start of the academic year or during the year, a new transport application form must be submitted for a new eligibility assessment to be undertaken.

In all cases, a child/young person must be attending the nearest suitable school. This is defined as a school that has spaces available that provides education appropriate to the age, gender, ability and aptitude of the child, and appropriate to the child's EHCP where one exists.

For mainstream applications processed during the normal school admissions round, a school will be determined as having a vacancy if a place would have been offered according to the allocations made on the national offer day, assuming the parent either made or could reasonably have made an application, for the school in question.

For late school place applications, a school will only be defined as the nearest suitable school, for free travel under the policy, if the school in question would have been the nearest suitable school had the parents/carers made an application for that school during the normal admissions round and a place could have been offered.

If, due to a medical condition or disability, a mainstream child attending a particular school that is not the nearest qualifying school but is under the statutory walking distance, then travel assistance will be agreed to that school on the production of medical evidence that demonstrates why the child needs to attend that school and why other schools cannot meet their needs.

#### **4.1 Temporary sites**

Where a school operates on a temporary site and that school's permanent/current site is deemed to be a child's nearest qualifying school, the home to school walking distance will be measured to the school's temporary site to determine if the child lives over the statutory walking distance and is eligible for travel assistance. Eligibility will be reassessed at the point a child ceases to be educated at the temporary site.

#### **4.2 Applications meeting extended rights criteria**

Parents who believe they meet the Extended Rights criteria and are therefore eligible for assistance with travel to school must include with their application form evidence of:

- the child's entitlement to free school meals or
- the family's receipt of maximum level of Working Tax Credit (the full WTC award notice, pages 1-6, for the year for which the parent is applying for travel assistance).

#### **4.3 Reviewing extended rights**

A child who has been assessed as eligible for travel assistance by meeting the Extended Rights criteria will have their entitlement reviewed each academic year to ensure that the child continues to meet the necessary criteria.

If a child ceases to be eligible for free school meals or a family ceases to be entitled to the maximum level of Working Tax Credit during the academic year for which transport has been awarded, then travel assistance will continue until the end of that academic year.

#### **4.4 Extenuating circumstances**

The Council will consider and may agree requests for home to school transport where there are considered to be extenuating circumstances that prevent a child accessing their school unless travel assistance is put in place. If the parent believes extenuating circumstances exist and assistance with travel is necessary, then all relevant information and evidence should be submitted for consideration as follows:

Contact: Corporate Director, Children and Young People's Services, School Places and Admissions Team (Transport Entitlement) Green Lane, Spennymoor DL16 6JQ or email [schooltransportteam@durham.gov.uk](mailto:schooltransportteam@durham.gov.uk).

The overriding expectation is that parents should undertake their legal responsibility to get their child(ren) to and from school and as such the Council will need to be satisfied that the parent has demonstrated why they, for social, medical, financial or personal reasons cannot undertake this duty.

Consideration will be given as to whether the circumstances could have reasonably been foreseen by the parent/carer. For example, moving to temporary accommodation owing to flood damage cannot be foreseen, whereas choosing a school other than a child's nearest school and realising following this decision that transport is not available could be foreseen.

In exceptional and individual circumstances only, free travel may be made available to allow Year 10 and 11 students to remain at the same school to complete their GCSE studies following a house move by their parents, where the young person was attending the nearest suitable school prior to the move.

Local authorities do not have a duty to provide or arrange free transport for children who have not yet reached statutory school age and who are attending a pre-school setting. However, the Council will consider transport assistance applications for children below statutory school age in extenuating circumstances e.g. a child with SEND or a child in need who needs to attend a specific setting.

In all cases the decision whether to exercise discretion will be taken on a case-by-case basis.

### **5. Appeals Process**

Parents/carers are able to challenge a decision about the following:

- the transport arrangements offered, for example, are they appropriate/ reasonable for their child's needs.
- their child's eligibility
- the distance measurement in relation to statutory walking distances
- the safety of the route



Where the appeal concerns a change to existing travel arrangements, then the previously agreed travel arrangements will continue until the review is complete.

We have a 2-stage Appeals process.

### **Stage one: Case review by a senior officer**

Parents/carers have 20 working days to request a review of our decision about home to school transport.

When making an appeal, the parent/carer must complete the online form. The parent/carer will be required to sign a declaration which states that they:

- have read, understood and agree to abide by the conditions as set out in this policy at [www.durham.gov.uk/schooltransport](http://www.durham.gov.uk/schooltransport).
- confirm that they have parental responsibility for the child, or have care and control of the child, and in seeking to apply for travel assistance for their child have no knowledge of any opposition to this application from any other person who has parental responsibility for the child. (If applicable, please inform us of the individual who opposes the application and supply their contact details).
- will inform us immediately either by email to [schooltransportteam@durham.gov.uk](mailto:schooltransportteam@durham.gov.uk) or in writing to let us know of any change of address details after the submission of the appeal.

Parents should write to the:

School Places and Admissions Team (Transport Entitlement), Children and Young People's Services, Green Lane, Spennymoor, Co. Durham, DL16 6JQ or email [schooltransportteam@durham.gov.uk](mailto:schooltransportteam@durham.gov.uk)

Parents/carers should detail why the decision should be reviewed, giving details of any personal/family circumstances and including any supporting evidence to be considered.

Appeals can be accompanied by independent supporting evidence such as from a GP or consultant, a social worker, the police, other local authority officers and copies of relevant court orders as appropriate.

Within 20 working days of receipt of this letter, parents will be advised in writing of the School Places and Appeals Officer's decision, setting out.

- the decision reached
- how the review was conducted
- information about other departments and/ or agencies that were consulted as part of the process (if applicable)
- what factors were considered
- the rationale for the decision reached and
- information about how the parent/carer can escalate their case to stage two (if appropriate)

## **Stage 2 – Case Review by an independent panel**

Where a parent/carer remains unhappy with the decision at Stage One of the transport case review process they have 20 working days from the receipt of the Stage One written decision notification to make a written request to escalate the matter to Stage Two for a further review. It is likely that a stage 2 appeal panel would only be in the position of being able to consider changing the decision made at stage 1 of the process if the original decision-making process had been flawed; and/or the appellant could supply further information or evidence than had already been considered at the initial stage or at the stage 1 appeal.

Within 40 working days of receipt of the parents request an independent appeal panel will consider written and verbal representations from both the parent and officers involved in the case. The independent appeal panel members will be independent of the original decision making process (but are not required to be independent of the local authority).

A copy of the paperwork that has been submitted to the Stage Two case review panel will be sent to the parent at least seven working days prior to the review.

The parent/carer will be asked whether or not they wish to attend the review to present their case verbally. An officer for the local authority will also be invited to present the local authority's case. Parent/carers are not required to attend and if they do not indicate that they wish to attend, the review will be scheduled to be heard in their absence.

Where a parent/carer chooses to attend the stage two case review, the panel chairman will:

- welcome all parties and introduce the panel members, clerk, and officer of the local authority
- explain the procedure, clearly and simply, including the panel's remit
- explain that the panel has read the full written case
- invite the applicant to briefly highlight the main points of their application
- invite the officer for the local authority to briefly highlight the main points of the local authority's case.

The panel will seek clarification on points raised by either party if required. Once the parent/carer and officer for the local authority have left, the panel will reach a decision as to whether to uphold or reject the review.

The Independent Panel will provide a detailed written notification of the outcome (within 5 working days), setting out:

- the nature of the decision reached
- how the review was conducted
- information about other departments and/or agencies that were consulted as part of the process
- what factors were considered
- the rationale for the decision reached; and

- information about the parent's right to put the matter to the Local Government Ombudsman (see below).

## Complaints

If a parent remains unhappy with the decision of the Independent Panel then they have a right of complaint to the Local Government Ombudsman, but only if complainants consider that there has been a failure to comply with the procedural rules or if there are any other irregularities in the way the appeal has been handled.

Further advice is available on The Local Government & Social Care Ombudsman website or on the Local Government Ombudsman advice line on 0300 061 0614.

If the complainant considers the decision of the independent panel to be flawed on public law grounds, the complainant may also apply for judicial review.

## 6. Young people aged 16 – 25

The Council will only provide transport to college or sixth form if you are unable to travel independently because of special educational needs (SEN), a disability or mobility difficulty or you live in an area where there is no public transport available (linked transport).

For Young People aged 16, to qualify for any post-16 travel assistance you must meet one of the following criteria:

- aged 16-19 in further education and have learning difficulties and/or disabilities and **do not** have an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP)
- continuing your education having previously started a programme of learning before the age of 19 and you **do not** have an EHCP
- aged 16-25 with learning difficulties and/or disabilities and **do have** an EHCP
- aged 16-19 and you live in an area where there is no public transport available (linked transport to access my nearest post-16 establishment)

You must also meet all of the following criteria:

- live in County Durham
- be undertaking a programme of learning, study or work placement that is full-time (i.e. at least 540 plus guided learning (planned and funded) hours per year)
- live more than 3 miles from the school/college (education provider), as measured by the council, (the 3 miles limit is not applicable to students unable to walk the distance to school/college because of SEN, a disability or mobility difficulty)
- attend the nearest establishment that provides the full-time programme of learning or work placement that you wish to follow, whilst having had reasonable opportunities to choose between different establishments at which education and training is provided. Assistance with travel may be provided in exceptional circumstances to an establishment that is not the nearest but is within a reasonable distance of the nearest establishment.

Anyone wishing to apply for post 16 travel assistance should submit an online transport application form on the home to school transport section on Durham County Council's website (see below).

[Apply for post-16 travel assistance](#)

You can access the Post 16 Home to School Transport Policy within our [School transport policies and strategies](#) page.

There is more specific information about the travel assistance and other forms of financial assistance available in the Council's Post-16 Transport Policy Statement (TPS) available at:

[Post-16 Transport Policy Statement \(TPS\) 2024 – 2024 \(durham.gov.uk\)](#)

## **7. Concessionary Seats**

Where spare seats are available on a school bus, they can be sold to pupils who are not entitled to free transport. These are called concessionary seats.

If you had a concessionary seat in the 2022/23 school year we will have your details on file and your application will be rolled forward into 2023/24 automatically (unless you chose to opt out of this). You do not need to re-apply unless your address or school has changed. Please contact us at [passengertransport@durham.gov.uk](mailto:passengertransport@durham.gov.uk) or on 03000 264444 (option 3) if there is any change in circumstances.

If you did not have a concessionary seat in the 2022/23 school year you can apply for a concessionary seat using the application form for the appropriate school below. In both cases, we will keep your details on file and contact you as the situation develops.

Students attending schools with a 6th Form where concessionary seats are available can also apply for a concessionary seat on school transport. Please note a fresh application will be required as they enter Year 12 irrespective of whether they attended the same school in Year 11, but this new application will roll over into Year 13.

You may be concerned about safety on school transport following the coronavirus outbreak. You can read our statement on this at [Home to school transport](#).

[School transport - Apply for a concessionary seat - doitonline - Durham](#)

## **8. Personal Budgets: Direct Payment from the Council for Home to School transport**

The parent/carer of a child/young person with an Education, Health and Care Plan, has the right to request a personal budget for some or all of the home to school transport provision. Transport costs could be considered as part of a personal budget if a child/young person is entitled to free home to school transport. In making a decision, we would have to be satisfied that:

- Any different arrangements would meet the needs of the child/young person; and
- No additional costs would be incurred by Durham County Council.

It is important to note that if you do wish to have a personal budget, you would need to set up a Direct Payments account. (A member of the County Council's Direct Payments team will arrange to meet with you to discuss how this will work). You will need to complete and sign a Direct Payment agreement form.

This is a generic agreement that covers a range of requirements for parents / carers who have a Direct Payment from the Council for Home to School transport.

The Parent/Carer will be fully responsible for the safety of their child's travel and would need to be satisfied that any provider used has appropriate insurance cover to transport their child(ren) to school safely. The driver and passenger assistant must also have full police clearance. Once you have procured your own contract, employed a driver (and passenger assistant where required) we would arrange to have the money paid to you via our Direct Payment system.

Children/young people may be provided with transport to a qualifying school which is within the statutory walking distance. All relevant circumstances in relation to the child and family will be taken into consideration as to whether the applicant child/young person is an "eligible child/young person" under the relevant legislation.

## 9. How we use your data

**Data Protection:** We comply with all relevant statutory obligations with regard to personal information processed by us and this will be handled in accordance with our privacy statement which can be accessed at [www.durham.gov.uk/dataprivacy](http://www.durham.gov.uk/dataprivacy) By signing the above declaration a parent will be declaring their understanding that:

- we may check the details provided on an application or appeal against council tax records, electoral registration and other council records to confirm that the child is resident at the address stated
- we may share information with other agencies and local authorities where it is necessary to do so and where the law allows
- if you have provided information that is incorrect or incomplete, you may be investigated and action may be taken against you (including court action) and
- your child's transport can be withdrawn even if he/she has started at the school if the transport was fraudulently obtained

## APPENDIX 1: The Definition of Suitable School

A suitable school is the maintained school/academy/college which, in the view of the local authority, offers an efficient full-time education suited to the age, ability, aptitude and any special educational needs of the child/young person and at which there is a place available for the child/young person.

Individual subject choices will not be considered in determining the nearest suitable school/academy/college. For children/young people whose nearest suitable school/academy/college is in a neighbouring authority, the local authority will, if the parent would prefer a school/academy/college place in County Durham for their child/young person, also provide free transport to the nearest suitable school within County Durham, providing that other eligibility criteria (e.g. distance) are met.

If the nearest suitable school/academy/college is a Voluntary Aided maintained school/academy/college, transport will be provided over the distance limit to this and to the nearest suitable non-Voluntary Aided maintained school/academy/college.

## **APPENDIX 2: The Definition of a Reasonable Journey**

In accordance with national guidance, a journey to school for eligible children should be suitable, safe, and reasonably stress free to enable the children to arrive at school ready for a day of study. To this end it is considered reasonable that the maximum journey times for children will not, except in unusual circumstances, exceed:

- 45 minutes for primary aged pupils
- 75 minutes for secondary aged pupils

However, it is recognised that adhering to journey times may not always be possible particularly in rural areas. It may be deemed acceptable for a trip to exceed these journey times if it is considered that the additional time does not place undue stress, strain, or difficulty on the pupil, which would prevent them from benefitting from the education.

Where children with special educational needs, disability or mobility problems are present, then journey times may sometimes need to be longer and more complex, although the Council will ensure that it does not extend routes for those children unnecessarily with appropriate measures in place to address any implications for doing so.

## **APPENDIX 3: Sanctions in relation to Home to School Travel Assistance**

The Council seeks to provide safe home to school travel in all circumstances. Occasionally some children/young people exhibit poor behaviour on school buses and public service operations. This behaviour may put that child/young person, other road users or the driver/passenger assistant and other children/young people travelling on the same vehicle at risk. Where this happens, the Council will take all reasonable measures to overcome the problem. Occasionally, it may be necessary to restrict or remove home to school transport arrangements for children/young people where this difficulty cannot easily be resolved, and the behaviour of that child/young person puts themselves and/or others at risk of harm.

Children, parents, carers, schools, transport operators and the Council all have a role to play in ensuring the appropriate behaviour of children on school transport

Where children/young people cause wilful damage to vehicles, we reserve the right to restrict or remove home to school travel provision and, where appropriate, hold

parents responsible for any damage their child/young person causes to vehicles and other property.